



## Conflict and peace in South Asia [

Chatterji, Manas (1937-)

Jain, B. M.

Emerald, 2008

Political Science-

Political Science-

Asian history

20th century

history: c 1900 to c 2000.

International relations

Monografía

South Asia is a distinct geographical entity comprised of seven countries - India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan, Sri Lanka and Maldives (situated in the Indian Ocean). The region, as discussed in the contributions to this volume, is turning out to be the most dangerous place in the world, representing a breeding ground of bloody terror and radical extremism exemplified by the assassination of Benazir Bhutto, of Pakistan, in December 2007. India and Pakistan have been involved in a never-ending conflict over Kashmir since the sub-continent was divided in 1947, and have been involved in numerous wars and superpower games. The situation has now become alarming since both countries possess nuclear arms, religious extremism has spread, and there is increased internal ethnic fighting (particularly in Pakistan). Pakistan, often described as a failed state, is experimenting with democracy with serious internal and external results. Bangladesh, oscillating between brief periods of democracy and military dictatorship, is becoming a center for religious extremism, and poses serious problems for India due to illegal immigration. In Nepal, the monarchy has been abolished and a left-wing Maoist government has taken hold. For the last twenty years, Sri Lanka has been involved in a bloody civil war. Even Bhutan and Maldives experience security and internal problems. The chapters in this book look at these countries in a historical context, from inter-regional and international perspectives. Conflict and peace in South Asia connect with a diverse array of factors, ranging from poverty, nuclear proliferation, heavy military expenditure at the expense of development and social goods, militancy, insurgency, illegal migration, environmental degradation, resource depletion, child labor, gender discrimination, and so on. Globalization has increased the income of the region's wealthy class segments and promoted inter-regional inequality. All these factors are interrelated. Accordingly, this volume includes papers that link socio-economic factors, resource constraints, and international trade to human security. Although most of the papers are case studies for individual countries, an attempt has been made in other papers to show how the quantitative methods of Peace Science can be used to analyze the region's situation and make predictions for the future

<https://rebiunoda.pro.baratznet.cloud:28443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMjYwNjE5Mjg>

**Título:** Conflict and peace in South Asia [Recurso electrónico] edited by Manas Chatterji, B.M. Jain

**Edición:** 1st ed

**Editorial:** Bingley, U.K. Emerald 2008

**Descripción física:** XIV, 362 p.

**Mención de serie:** Contributions to conflict management, peace economics and development 1572-8323 5

**Nota general:** Description based upon print version of record

**Bibliografía:** Includes bibliographical references and index

**Contenido:** Introduction : historical and contemporary perspectives on South Asia / Manas Chatterji, B.M. Jain -- Managing development for peace : Sri Lanka / Penelope Hood -- Ethnic conflict in Sri Lanka : the dilemma of building a unitary state / A.R.M. Imtiyaz -- The peace process in Sri Lanka / Alan Bullion -- Economic imperative for peace in Sri Lanka / Muttukrishna Sarvananthan -- India engages Afghanistan : expanding its influence in the neighborhood / Harsh V. Pant -- A model of military spending of India and Pakistan / Manas Chatterji -- Dynamics of political transition in Myanmar : impediments and alternative futures / B.M. Jain -- Dealing with Maoists : Nepal's experience with peace negotiations / Bhuwan Chandra Upreti -- India and Bangladesh : a relationship adrift / Harsh V. Pant -- Political dimensions of Islamic fundamentalism in South Asia / Kalim Bahadur -- South Asian Regional Council (SARC) and South Asian rivers : a study in water conflict / Ashok Swain -- India's trade with its South Asian neighbours : conflict or confidence building? / Indra Nath Mukherji -- Trade liberalization and national security in the context of WTO framework / Bisweswar Bhattacharyya -- A game theoretical approach to the coalition politics in an Indian state / Manas Chatterji -- Business process outsourcing under globalisation : is the conflict between India and the USA receding? / Dilip Dutta -- Retrospect and prospect / Manas Chatterji, B.M. Jain -- Evidence of asymmetric cointegration between the military expenditures of India and Pakistan / Nadir cal, Julide Yildirim -- Liberalisation, democratisation and the distribution of urban local public goods / Partha Gangopadhyay -- Natural disasters : a nonmilitary threat to national security / Ajey Lele -- Nuclear Proliferation in South Asia : a Psycho-Cultural Analysis / B.M. Jain

**Lengua:** English

**ISBN:** 9781849505345 9780444531766

**Materia:** Conflict management- South Asia National security- South Asia

**Materia Geográfica:** South Asia- Politics and government

**Autores:** Chatterji, Manas ( 1937-) Jain, B. M.

**Enlace a serie principal:** Contributions to Conflict Management, Peace Economics and Development (CKB) 1000000000025866

**Enlace a formato físico adicional:** 0-444-53176-9

**Punto acceso adicional serie-Título:** Contributions to conflict management, peace economics and development 5

---

## Baratz Innovación Documental

- Gran Vía, 59 28013 Madrid
- (+34) 91 456 03 60
- [informa@baratz.es](mailto:informa@baratz.es)