



The development of human rights law by the judges of the International Court of Justice /

Bedi, Shiv R. S.

Hart,
2007

Electronic books

Casestudies (vorm)

Monografía

The jurisprudence of the International Court of Justice generally demonstrates that no rule of international law can be interpreted and applied without regard to its innate values and the basic principles of human rights. Through its case-law the ICJ has made immense contributions to the development of human rights law, and in so doing continues to provide solutions to mounting international problems, such as terrorism and unilateral use of force. Part I of the book argues that the legislative spirit of contemporary international law lies in the doctrine of human rights and that the spirit of

<https://rebiunoda.pro.baratznet.cloud:28443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMjcXNjI5MTc>

Título: The development of human rights law by the judges of the International Court of Justice Shiv R.S. Bedi

Editorial: Oxford Portland, Or. Hart 2007

Descripción física: 1 online resource (xiii, 488 pages)

Mención de serie: Studies in international law vol. 10

Bibliografía: Includes bibliographical references (pages 371-383) and index

Contenido: pt. I. Perspective : legislative role of the judge and human rights law. Legislative role of the judge : a vital force in the life of the law ; Relationship between human rights and international law : principle of human dignity versus principle of state sovereignty -- pt. II. The development of human rights law by the International Court of Justice : contentious cases. Corfu Channel case (United Kingdom v Albania) (1947-1949) ; South West Africa cases (Ethiopia v South Africa ; Liberia v South Africa) : violation of human rights law led to formation of human rights law (1960-1966) ; Barcelona Traction, Light and Power Company, Limited (new application : 1962) case (Belgium v Spain) (1962-70) ; United States diplomatic and consular staff in Tehran case (USA v Iran) (1979-1981) ; Military and paramilitary activities in and against Nicaragua case (Nicaragua v USA) (1984-1991) ; East Timor case (Portugal v Australia) (1991-1994) : human rights versus state sovereignty (1991-1994) ; Application of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide case (Bosnia and Herzegovina v Serbia Montenegro) (1993-) : prohibition of genocide as jus cogens ; Legality of use of force cases (Yugoslavia v Belgium; Yugoslavia v Canada; Yugoslavia v France ; Yugoslavia v Germany ; Yugoslavia v Italy ; Yugoslavia v

Netherlands ; Yugoslavia v Portugal ; Yugoslavia v Spain ; Yugoslavia v UK ; Yugoslavia v USA) (1999-) ; Arrest warrant of 11 April 2000 (Democratic Republic of the Congo v Belgium) : an analysis of human dignity of the people, for the people, by the people (2000-2002) ; Vienna Convention on Consular Relations cases (1998-2004) : the Convention does create individual rights -- pt. III. The development of human rights law by the International Court of Justice : advisory cases. International status of South West Africa case (1949-1950) : the principle of sacred trust of civilization ; Reservations to the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide case (1950-1951) ; Legal consequences for states of the continued presence of South Africa in Namibia (South West Africa) notwithstanding Security Council Resolution 276 (1970) case (1970-1971) ; Western Sahara case (1974-75) : the principle of self-determination ; Applicability of Article VI, Section 22, of the Convention on the privileges and immunities of the United Nations case (1989) ; Legality of the use by a state of nuclear weapons in armed conflict case (request by World Health Organization) (1993-1996) ; Legality of the threat or use of nuclear threat case (request by UN 331 General Assembly) : may use, may not use, but do not use, hence, legislate : may not use (1994-1996) ; Difference relating to immunity from legal process of a special rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights (1998-1999) ; Legal consequences of the construction of a wall in the occupied Palestinian territory (2003-04) : belligerent occupation and human rights ; Summary and general conclusion

Restricciones de acceso: Use copy. Restrictions unspecified star. MiAaHDL Access restricted to the University of Malaya Library registered members

Detalles del sistema: Master and use copy. Digital master created according to Benchmark for Faithful Digital Reproductions of Monographs and Serials, Version 1. Digital Library Federation, December 2002. <http://purl.oclc.org/DLF/benchrepro0212> MiAaHDL

Nota de acción: digitized 2010 HathiTrust Digital Library committed to preserve pda MiAaHDL

Copyright/Depósito Legal: 182733008 476111456 608168955 608349747 913128091 963242926 1057402451 1162764276 1167496150

ISBN: 9781847313430 electronic bk.) 1847313434 electronic bk.) 1841135763 hbk.) 9781841135762 hbk.) 9781472563859 online) 1472563859

Materia Entidad: Corte Internacional de Justicia Corte Internacional de Justicia

Materia: Human rights POLITICAL SCIENCE- Political Freedom & Security- Human Rights Human rights Rechtsontwikkeling Mensenrechten Internationaal Gerechtshof International Court of Justice Human rights International law Development of international law Case-law

Enlace a formato físico adicional: Print version Bedi, Shiv R.S. Development of human rights law by the judges of the International Court of Justice. Oxford ; Portland, Or. : Hart, 2007 9781841135762 1841135763 (DLC) 2007295781 (OCoLC)71808619

Punto acceso adicional serie-Título: Studies in international law (Oxford, England) v. 10

Baratz Innovación Documental

- Gran Vía, 59 28013 Madrid
- (+34) 91 456 03 60
- informa@baratz.es