



"el recién nacido quirúrgico. Nuestra experiencia". Hospital "abel santamaría". Abril/06 - 07 [

2007

text (article)

Analítica

An observational, longitudinal, prospective and descriptive research was conducted at Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) of the Neonatology Service belonging to " Abel Santamaria Cuadrado" Hospital during April 2006-April 2007 aimed at assessing the morbidity and mortality in surgical new-born. The sample was composed by 13 live newborn infants admitted at NICU who underwent surgeries during this period. Some varieties were analyzed: sex, weight, gestational age, and degree of intrauterine growth, type of surgical pathology, antenatal diagnosis, complications and survival rate. A database was prepared in Epinto version 2002 and percentage method was used to analyze the data recorded. Male sex prevailed (61, 5%), gestational age over 40 weeks (46, 1%) and an adequate growth for gestational age (69, 2%). The most frequent surgeries were the omphalocele, esophageal atresias, diaphragmatic hernia and anorectal malformation. An antenatal diagnosis of the esophageal atresias 50% and 100% of diaphragmatic hernias were carried out, but the omphalocele and the intestinal atresia could not have a antenatal diagnosis. The most frequent complications were the sepsis of the surgical wound (61, 5%), dehiscence of the suture (38. 4%) and the systemic complications (30.7%). The survival rate was 76.9%

An observational, longitudinal, prospective and descriptive research was conducted at Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) of the Neonatology Service belonging to " Abel Santamaria Cuadrado" Hospital during April 2006-April 2007 aimed at assessing the morbidity and mortality in surgical new-born. The sample was composed by 13 live newborn infants admitted at NICU who underwent surgeries during this period. Some varieties were analyzed: sex, weight, gestational age, and degree of intrauterine growth, type of surgical pathology, antenatal diagnosis, complications and survival rate. A database was prepared in Epinto version 2002 and percentage method was used to analyze the data recorded. Male sex prevailed (61, 5%), gestational age over 40 weeks (46, 1%) and an adequate growth for gestational age (69, 2%). The most frequent surgeries were the omphalocele, esophageal atresias, diaphragmatic hernia and anorectal malformation. An antenatal diagnosis of the esophageal atresias 50% and 100% of diaphragmatic hernias were carried out, but the omphalocele and the intestinal atresia could not have a antenatal diagnosis. The most frequent complications were the sepsis of the surgical wound (61, 5%), dehiscence of the suture (38. 4%) and the systemic complications (30.7%). The survival rate was 76.9%

Título: "el recién nacido quirúrgico. Nuestra experiencia". Hospital "abel santamaría". Abril/06 - 07 electronic resource]

Editorial: 2007

Tipo Audiovisual: Recién Nacido Quirúrgico Complicaciones Supervivencia Diagnóstico Prenatal Surgical New-born Complications Survival Rate Prenatal Diagnosis

Documento fuente: Universidad Médica Pinareña, ISSN 1990-7990, Vol. 3, Nº. 2, 2007

Nota general: application/pdf

Restricciones de acceso: Open access content. Open access content star

Condiciones de uso y reproducción: LICENCIA DE USO: Los documentos a texto completo incluidos en Dialnet son de acceso libre y propiedad de sus autores y/o editores. Por tanto, cualquier acto de reproducción, distribución, comunicación pública y/o transformación total o parcial requiere el consentimiento expreso y escrito de aquéllos. Cualquier enlace al texto completo de estos documentos deberá hacerse a través de la URL oficial de éstos en Dialnet. Más información: <https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI> | INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS STATEMENT: Full text documents hosted by Dialnet are protected by copyright and/or related rights. This digital object is accessible without charge, but its use is subject to the licensing conditions set by its authors or editors. Unless expressly stated otherwise in the licensing conditions, you are free to linking, browsing, printing and making a copy for your own personal purposes. All other acts of reproduction and communication to the public are subject to the licensing conditions expressed by editors and authors and require consent from them. Any link to this document should be made using its official URL in Dialnet. More info: <https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI>

Lengua: Spanish

Enlace a fuente de información: Universidad Médica Pinareña, ISSN 1990-7990, Vol. 3, Nº. 2, 2007

Baratz Innovación Documental

- Gran Vía, 59 28013 Madrid
- (+34) 91 456 03 60
- informa@baratz.es