

Existe un mecanismo de segunda oportunidad verdaderamente eficaz en España para consumidores insolventes? [

2015

text (article)

Analítica

In this paper we shall focus in the first place on analysing the recommendations made by supranational organizations regarding the necessity of establishing fresh start mechanisms for individuals, and therefore, for consumers. We will show how a school of doctrine opts for a uniform regulation of the fresh start systems, both for natural person businessmen as well as for the consumers. In the second place we will develop and study what, in our view, is an obscure and dispersed regulation relating debt remission for natural persons previous to the implementation of the Ley 25/2015, de 28 de julio, which regulates the fresh start mechanism, the reductions of financial burden and other social measures. Next we will examine the aforementioned rule, paying special attention to the exoneration benefit of the unpaid liability of the natural persons and its impact on the consumer. We will also detail other changes made by the Ley 25/2015, regarding the establishment of a new extrajudicial payment agreement for consumers in the Insolvency Law; the widening of the scope of application of the Code of Good Practice of the Real Decreto-Ley 6/2012 and the extension of the period of suspension for evictions regulated in the ley 1/2013. We will add some personal reflexions about these legislative changes. We will also analyse how some autonomous parliaments are laying down regulations which contain fresh start mechanisms for insolvent consumers. Lastly we will draw some conclusions relating the necessity of establishing fresh start mechanisms for the natural persons in the name of economic development In this paper we shall focus in the first place on analysing the recommendations made by supranational organizations regarding the necessity of establishing fresh start mechanisms for individuals, and therefore, for consumers. We will show how a school of doctrine opts for a uniform regulation of the fresh start systems, both for natural person businessmen as well as for the consumers. In the second place we will develop and study what, in our view, is an obscure and dispersed regulation relating debt remission for natural persons previous to the implementation of the Ley 25/2015, de 28 de julio, which regulates the fresh start mechanism, the reductions of financial burden and other social measures. Next we will examine the aforementioned rule, paying special attention to the exoneration benefit of the unpaid liability of the natural persons and its impact on the consumer. We will also detail other changes made by the Ley 25/2015, regarding the establishment of a new extrajudicial payment agreement for consumers in the Insolvency Law; the widening of the scope of application of the Code of Good Practice of the Real Decreto-Ley 6/2012 and the extension of the period of suspension for evictions regulated in the ley 1/2013. We will add some personal reflexions about these legislative changes. We will also analyse how some autonomous parliaments are laying down regulations which

contain fresh start mechanisms for insolvent consumers. Lastly we will draw some conclusions relating the necessity of establishing fresh start mechanisms for the natural persons in the name of economic development

https://rebiunoda.pro.baratznet.cloud: 28443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzE0OTQ3MzApdroin-formation-forma

Título: Existe un mecanismo de segunda oportunidad verdaderamente eficaz en España para consumidores insolventes? electronic resource]

Editorial: 2015

Tipo Audiovisual: segunda oportunidad persona física consumidor buena fe concurso de acreedores acuerdo extrajudicial de pagos fresh start natural person consumer good faith bankruptcy extrajudicial settlement of payments

Documento fuente: Revista CESCO de Derecho de Consumo, ISSN 2254-2582, N°. 16, 2015 (Ejemplar dedicado a: SEGUNDA OPORTUNIDAD PARA CONSUMIDORES; USURA; VICIOS CONSTRUCTIVOS; NUEVOS ALIMENTOS Y OTROS), pags. 1-38

Nota general: application/pdf

Restricciones de acceso: Open access content. Open access content star

Condiciones de uso y reproducción: LICENCIA DE USO: Los documentos a texto completo incluidos en Dialnet son de acceso libre y propiedad de sus autores y/o editores. Por tanto, cualquier acto de reproducción, distribución, comunicación pública y/o transformación total o parcial requiere el consentimiento expreso y escrito de aquéllos. Cualquier enlace al texto completo de estos documentos deberá hacerse a través de la URL oficial de éstos en Dialnet. Más información: https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI | INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS STATEMENT: Full text documents hosted by Dialnet are protected by copyright and/or related rights. This digital object is accessible without charge, but its use is subject to the licensing conditions set by its authors or editors. Unless expressly stated otherwise in the licensing conditions, you are free to linking, browsing, printing and making a copy for your own personal purposes. All other acts of reproduction and communication to the public are subject to the licensing conditions expressed by editors and authors and require consent from them. Any link to this document should be made using its official URL in Dialnet. More info: https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI

Lengua: Spanish

Enlace a fuente de información: Revista CESCO de Derecho de Consumo, ISSN 2254-2582, N°. 16, 2015 (Ejemplar dedicado a: SEGUNDA OPORTUNIDAD PARA CONSUMIDORES; USURA; VICIOS CONSTRUCTIVOS; NUEVOS ALIMENTOS Y OTROS), pags. 1-38

Baratz Innovación Documental

- Gran Vía, 59 28013 Madrid
- (+34) 91 456 03 60
- informa@baratz.es