



Neurorrehabilitación en terapia ocupacional de la ataxia adquirida de origen subcortical en fase crónica, a propósito de un caso. [

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text (article)

Analítica

Introduction: acquired ataxia is a neurological manifestation caused by pathological processes of the nervous system that presents with motor alterations. María, from 18 years of age, suffers an ataxia caused by a cerebrovascular accident in the posterior region of the brainstem. When 28 months later she came to us, among the ataxic symptoms highlighted the affectation of balance and motor coordination. In order to recover the motor control that prevented María from performing the occupational roles she wanted, we developed an intervention plan. **Methods:** the plan is based on the theoretical framework of learning and motor control and the model of systematic occupational therapy practice. In particular, we use the canadian model of occupational performance for evaluation and the model human occupation for the development of treatment approaches. **Conclusion:** after seven weeks of treatment with the rehabilitative approachment, we show the functional changes the patient has achieved and we concluded it as because she had remarkably improved her motor skills over a few weeks, having into account that during the previous 18 months treatment there was not a good response in this area

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