

"Not worth doing prenatal care": an ethnographic study of a low-income community [

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text (article)

Analítica

Objective. The aim of this study was to explore the reasons whypregnant women do not seek prenatal care (PNC). Methodology. The ethnographic method was used in a low-income Braziliancommunity. Ethnographic interviews were performed with 11postpartum women who did not seek PNC in their last pregnancy. Results. The cultural sub-themes used to express reasons for notseeking PNC included: "I found out I was pregnant too late anddid not have enough time to receive PNC," "I did not receivePNC because I had to hide the pregnancy to avoid problems,""I had to address urgent issues and could not seek PNC," "Theservices are not good and going to the doctor when not ill is onlyfor rich people," and cultural theme: "PNC is not worth pursuing:it is unnecessary and there are too many obstacles to receivingit." Conclusion. The main strategies that should be considered to increase adherence to PNC are better access and integralitythrough the use of adequate management criteria. Key words: pregnancy; prenatal care; poverty; anthropology, cultural

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