



Abdomen Agudo Obstructivo por Áscaris Lumbricoides. A propósito de un caso [

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Analítica

Ascaris Lumbricoides is one of the most frequent pathologies that occurs in up to a quarter of the world's population, as a consequence of the ingestion in humans of the larval eggs of parasites, thus ascariasis can invade ducts or bile ducts causing obstructive conditions, that can lead to the presentation of an acute abdomen. A clinical case of a 54-year-old male patient is presented, he was referred from the public health network (MSP) Martin Icaza Hospital, Babahoyo for presenting a 24-hour history of colic-type abdominal pain of great intensity that begins in the epigastrium and then it generalizes, causes uncontrollable watery vomiting and also lack of elimination of feces denies other symptoms. At the time of the review, patient with algal facies, skin: normal, with semi-dry oral mucosa, chest: symmetrical, clear and ventilated lung fields; abdomen: painful on palpation, especially in the mesogastrium, semi-rigid, diminished air-fluid noises, no alterations on rectal examination, clean glove, with a diagnosis of acute obstructive abdomen due to ascaris lumbricoides at the level of the entire small intestine. In the present clinical case, an exploratory laparotomy, partial resection of the distal ileum and sigmoid colon, ileoascending anastomosis, construction of an end colostomy and intestinal ascariasis were performed due to the presence of multiple adult ascaris lumbricoides throughout the small intestine. The result of the surgical intervention achieves the total elimination of the same manually and instrumentally, once the content is eliminated, ileoascending anastomosis is performed manually

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