

## Adaptação dos princípios da compostagem laminar ao plantio direto [

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text (article)

Analítica

Laminar composting is a technique particularly used for the agroecological conversion of horticultural production systems. In order to evaluate the applicability of this technique under no-tillage production of corn silage and beans, a randomized complete block design was used, in a 2x4 factorial scheme with 4 replications. Two winter crops (black oats and black oats with hairy vetch), 4 poultry litter rates (0, 8, 16 and 24 Mg ha-1) were evaluated, on yields of green and dry matter of corn, whole plant silage, "dry" bean grains and on chemical attributes of an Inceptisol of loamy clay texture (0 to 0.1 m). The organic fertilizer was spread onto the winter cover crops, crushed afterwards by means of a horizontal crusher, in order to mix and incorporate organic residues on the soil surface. Incorporations of poultry litter doses with black oats and black oats plus hairy vetch provided increased yields of fresh forage and whole plant maize for silage dry matter in high fertile soil. Laminar composting with poultry litter and residues of black oats plus hairy vetch increased the organic C and cation exchange capacity levels of the topsoil. The incorporation of poultry litter with residues of black oats plus hairy vetch enhanced the P accumulation of the soil

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