

## Administración pública comparada: análisis de laboratorios públicos de Brasil y Argentina [

2017

text (article)

Analítica

In recent decades, influenced by the crisis of the weberian bureaucracy and by the ideals of the New Public Management (NPM), the public administration has sought to implement a management model that tends to the effectiveness of state action and the delivery of the desired results to the population. In the perspective of the NPM applied to public health policies, in particular those related to the production of medicines, there are government actions aimed at reaching their necessary supply, among which stands out the investment in the infrastructure of public laboratories that mainly aim at the autonomy in the production of medicines for public health systems, guaranteeing proper quality and fair prices. Given the need to compare different realities within the public administration, it was observed that the situation in Brazil is not far from the one in Argentina regarding the public production of medicines. In this scenario, the main objective of this paper is to compare the management of the processes carried out by the public pharmaceutical laboratories of these countries. To do this, the following public laboratories are analyzed: Institute of Drug Technology (Farmanguinhos), located in the State of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, and Pharmaceutical Industrial Laboratory S.E. (LIF) of the Province of Santa Fe, Argentina. Based on a process approach that comes from three models of excellence in public management from Brazil and Argentina, different categories are generated. They reveal the need and importance of comparatively analyzing the process management of these organizations, as well as identifying dimensions of the process management literature present and absent in the phenomenon studied

In recent decades, influenced by the crisis of the weberian bureaucracy and by the ideals of the New Public Management (NPM), the public administration has sought to implement a management model that tends to the effectiveness of state action and the delivery of the desired results to the population. In the perspective of the NPM applied to public health policies, in particular those related to the production of medicines, there are government actions aimed at reaching their necessary supply, among which stands out the investment in the infrastructure of public laboratories that mainly aim at the autonomy in the production of medicines for public health systems, guaranteeing proper quality and fair prices. Given the need to compare different realities within the public administration, it was observed that the situation in Brazil is not far from the one in Argentina regarding the public production of medicines. In this scenario, the main objective of this paper is to compare the management of the processes carried out by the public pharmaceutical laboratories of these countries. To do this, the following public laboratories are analyzed: Institute of Drug Technology (Farmanguinhos), located in the State of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, and Pharmaceutical Industrial Laboratory S.E. (LIF) of the Province of Santa Fe, Argentina. Based on a process approach that comes from three models of excellence in public management from Brazil and Argentina, different categories are generated. They reveal the need and

importance of comparatively analyzing the process management of these organizations, as well as identifying dimensions of the process management literature present and absent in the phenomenon studied

In recent decades, influenced by the crisis of the weberian bureaucracy and by the ideals of the New Public Management (NPM), the public administration has sought to implement a management model that tends to the effectiveness of state action and the delivery of the desired results to the population. In the perspective of the NPM applied to public health policies, in particular those related to the production of medicines, there are government actions aimed at reaching their necessary supply, among which stands out the investment in the infrastructure of public laboratories that mainly aim at the autonomy in the production of medicines for public health systems, guaranteeing proper quality and fair prices. Given the need to compare different realities within the public administration, it was observed that the situation in Brazil is not far from the one in Argentina regarding the public production of medicines. In this scenario, the main objective of this paper is to compare the management of the processes carried out by the public pharmaceutical laboratories of these countries. To do this, the following public laboratories are analyzed: Institute of Drug Technology (Farmanguinhos), located in the State of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, and Pharmaceutical Industrial Laboratory S.E. (LIF) of the Province of Santa Fe, Argentina. Based on a process approach that comes from three models of excellence in public management from Brazil and Argentina, different categories are generated. They reveal the need and importance of comparatively analyzing the process management of these organizations, as well as identifying dimensions of the process management literature present and absent in the phenomenon studied

In recent decades, influenced by the crisis of the weberian bureaucracy and by the ideals of the New Public Management (NPM), the public administration has sought to implement a management model that tends to the effectiveness of state action and the delivery of the desired results to the population. In the perspective of the NPM applied to public health policies, in particular those related to the production of medicines, there are government actions aimed at reaching their necessary supply, among which stands out the investment in the infrastructure of public laboratories that mainly aim at the autonomy in the production of medicines for public health systems, guaranteeing proper quality and fair prices. Given the need to compare different realities within the public administration, it was observed that the situation in Brazil is not far from the one in Argentina regarding the public production of medicines. In this scenario, the main objective of this paper is to compare the management of the processes carried out by the public pharmaceutical laboratories of these countries. To do this, the following public laboratories are analyzed: Institute of Drug Technology (Farmanguinhos), located in the State of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, and Pharmaceutical Industrial Laboratory S.E. (LIF) of the Province of Santa Fe, Argentina. Based on a process approach that comes from three models of excellence in public management from Brazil and Argentina, different categories are generated. They reveal the need and importance of comparatively analyzing the process management of these organizations, as well as identifying dimensions of the process management literature present and absent in the phenomenon studied

https://rebiunoda.pro.baratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0ei5yZW4vMzExNzc0OTkaratznet.cloud:38443/OpacDiscovery/public/catalog/detail/b2FpOmNlbGVicmF0aW9uOmVzLmJhcmF0aW9u

**Título:** Administración pública comparada: análisis de laboratorios públicos de Brasil y Argentina electronic resource]

Editorial: 2017

**Tipo Audiovisual:** Public laboratories new public management models of excellence in public management process management Laboratorios públicos nueva gestión pública modelos de excelencia en gestión pública gestión de procesos Laboratories publics nouvelle gestion publique modèles d'excellence en gestion publique gestion des processus Laboratórios públicos nova gestão pública modelos de excelência em gestão pública gestão de processos

**Documento fuente:** Revista Facultad de Derecho y Ciencias Políticas, ISSN 0120-3886, Nº. 127, 2017, pags. 299-334

Nota general: application/pdf

Restricciones de acceso: Open access content. Open access content star

Condiciones de uso y reproducción: LICENCIA DE USO: Los documentos a texto completo incluidos en Dialnet son de acceso libre y propiedad de sus autores y/o editores. Por tanto, cualquier acto de reproducción, distribución, comunicación pública y/o transformación total o parcial requiere el consentimiento expreso y escrito de aquéllos. Cualquier enlace al texto completo de estos documentos deberá hacerse a través de la URL oficial de éstos en Dialnet. Más información: https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI | INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS STATEMENT: Full text documents hosted by Dialnet are protected by copyright and/or related rights. This digital object is accessible without charge, but its use is subject to the licensing conditions set by its authors or editors. Unless expressly stated otherwise in the licensing conditions, you are free to linking, browsing, printing and making a copy for your own personal purposes. All other acts of reproduction and communication to the public are subject to the licensing conditions expressed by editors and authors and require consent from them. Any link to this document should be made using its official URL in Dialnet. More info: https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI

Lengua: Spanish

**Enlace a fuente de información:** Revista Facultad de Derecho y Ciencias Políticas, ISSN 0120-3886, Nº. 127, 2017, pags. 299-334

## **Baratz Innovación Documental**

- Gran Vía, 59 28013 Madrid
- (+34) 91 456 03 60
- informa@baratz.es