

Aminas Biógenas como biomarcador diagnóstico en enfermedades inflamatorias intestinales [

2015

text (article)

Analítica

Research has shown that polyamines obtained mainly from the diet and digestive tract bacterial source, involved in the development and maturation of intestinal epithelial tropism, both in animals and in infants. Such polyamines may play an important role in the physiology of inflammatory bowel diseases, besides being useful as potential diagnostic marked. Our objectives were to determine the values of biogenic amines in blood and in cultures of enteric bacteria in patients with inflammatory bowel diseases and study their effect on intestinal motility. To do this, we obtained samples of both blood and feces of 20 patients and 31 control cases to process and measure biogenic amines in the HPLC (High Performance Liquid Chromatography). We also did 12 preparations of isolated organs ileum and colon of mice to study intestinal motility. The results show both qualitative and quantitative differences of biogenic amines of blood cells, feces and / or source of enteric bacteria between the control group and intestinal diseases, with different correlations for Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis, and between diagnostic markers. The conclusions suggest that the intestinal microbiota in these diseases seems to be different. Furthermore biogenic amines could modulate intestinal motility in both the ileum and colon

Research has shown that polyamines obtained mainly from the diet and digestive tract bacterial source, involved in the development and maturation of intestinal epithelial tropism, both in animals and in infants. Such polyamines may play an important role in the physiology of inflammatory bowel diseases, besides being useful as potential diagnostic marked. Our objectives were to determine the values of biogenic amines in blood and in cultures of enteric bacteria in patients with inflammatory bowel diseases and study their effect on intestinal motility. To do this, we obtained samples of both blood and feces of 20 patients and 31 control cases to process and measure biogenic amines in the HPLC (High Performance Liquid Chromatography). We also did 12 preparations of isolated organs ileum and colon of mice to study intestinal motility. The results show both qualitative and quantitative differences of biogenic amines of blood cells, feces and / or source of enteric bacteria between the control group and intestinal diseases, with different correlations for Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis, and between diagnostic markers. The conclusions suggest that the intestinal microbiota in these diseases seems to be different. Furthermore biogenic amines could modulate intestinal motility in both the ileum and colon

Título: Aminas Biógenas como biomarcador diagnóstico en enfermedades inflamatorias intestinales electronic resource]

Editorial: 2015

Tipo Audiovisual: Biogenic amines inflammatory bowel disease Crohn's disease ulcerative colitis biomarker Aminas biógenas enfermedad inflamatoria intestinal Enfermedad de Crohn colitis ulcerosa biomarcador

Documento fuente: European Journal of Health Research: (EJHR), ISSN 2445-0308, Vol. 1, N°. 3, 2015, pags. 79-

94

Nota general: application/pdf

Restricciones de acceso: Open access content. Open access content star

Condiciones de uso y reproducción: LICENCIA DE USO: Los documentos a texto completo incluidos en Dialnet son de acceso libre y propiedad de sus autores y/o editores. Por tanto, cualquier acto de reproducción, distribución, comunicación pública y/o transformación total o parcial requiere el consentimiento expreso y escrito de aquéllos. Cualquier enlace al texto completo de estos documentos deberá hacerse a través de la URL oficial de éstos en Dialnet. Más información: https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI | INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS STATEMENT: Full text documents hosted by Dialnet are protected by copyright and/or related rights. This digital object is accessible without charge, but its use is subject to the licensing conditions set by its authors or editors. Unless expressly stated otherwise in the licensing conditions, you are free to linking, browsing, printing and making a copy for your own personal purposes. All other acts of reproduction and communication to the public are subject to the licensing conditions expressed by editors and authors and require consent from them. Any link to this document should be made using its official URL in Dialnet. More info: https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI

Lengua: Spanish

Enlace a fuente de información: European Journal of Health Research: (EJHR), ISSN 2445-0308, Vol. 1, N°. 3, 2015, pags. 79-94

Baratz Innovación Documental

- Gran Vía, 59 28013 Madrid
- (+34) 91 456 03 60
- informa@baratz.es