



## Animales domésticos de traspasio en el bosque deciduo de tierras bajas de la Comuna San Marcos parroquia Colonche [

2019

text (article)

Analítica

The work was carried out in the San Marcos commune, Colonche parish, the objective was to identify the social and current environment of the Creole domestic animals existing in the area of the deciduous lowland forest. The study used a previously structured survey, which investigated the family structure, socio-economic characteristics and management of animals. The results indicate that there is a direct participation of 50 % of men aged 45 years and older, where 65 % cannot read or write, families are made up of 66,66 % of 4-5 people; In the commune there is presence of hens, goats and Creole pigs. These animals develop freely in all areas of the commune. The results report that on average the inhabitants have nine hens, seven goats and four Creole pigs in different physiological stages; These animals are constantly in grazing. Their main food source is the products and by-products of crops with 50 %, 15 % of household waste and remain 100 % to grazing; the production obtained from meat, milk, eggs of these animals 30 % is for family consumption and 70 % for sale; the animals do not have infrastructure in the raising so 70 % of these have semi-extensive management. This indicates that Creole domestic animals have been an important part of the nutrition of families in the community of San Marcos and support for their family economy

The work was carried out in the San Marcos commune, Colonche parish, the objective was to identify the social and current environment of the Creole domestic animals existing in the area of the deciduous lowland forest. The study used a previously structured survey, which investigated the family structure, socio-economic characteristics and management of animals. The results indicate that there is a direct participation of 50 % of men aged 45 years and older, where 65 % cannot read or write, families are made up of 66,66 % of 4-5 people; In the commune there is presence of hens, goats and Creole pigs. These animals develop freely in all areas of the commune. The results report that on average the inhabitants have nine hens, seven goats and four Creole pigs in different physiological stages; These animals are constantly in grazing. Their main food source is the products and by-products of crops with 50 %, 15 % of household waste and remain 100 % to grazing; the production obtained from meat, milk, eggs of these animals 30 % is for family consumption and 70 % for sale; the animals do not have infrastructure in the raising so 70 % of these have semi-extensive management. This indicates that Creole domestic animals have been an important part of the nutrition of families in the community of San Marcos and support for their family economy

---

**Título:** Animales domésticos de traspasio en el bosque deciduo de tierras bajas de la Comuna San Marcos parroquia Colonche electronic resource]

**Editorial:** 2019

**Documento fuente:** Revista Amazónica Ciencia y Tecnología, ISSN 1390-5600, Vol. 8, Nº. 2, 2019 (Ejemplar dedicado a: Revista Amazonica Ciencia y Tecnologia), pags. 202-208

**Nota general:** application/pdf

**Restricciones de acceso:** Open access content. Open access content star

**Condiciones de uso y reproducción:** LICENCIA DE USO: Los documentos a texto completo incluidos en Dialnet son de acceso libre y propiedad de sus autores y/o editores. Por tanto, cualquier acto de reproducción, distribución, comunicación pública y/o transformación total o parcial requiere el consentimiento expreso y escrito de aquéllos. Cualquier enlace al texto completo de estos documentos deberá hacerse a través de la URL oficial de éstos en Dialnet. Más información: <https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI> | INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS STATEMENT: Full text documents hosted by Dialnet are protected by copyright and/or related rights. This digital object is accessible without charge, but its use is subject to the licensing conditions set by its authors or editors. Unless expressly stated otherwise in the licensing conditions, you are free to linking, browsing, printing and making a copy for your own personal purposes. All other acts of reproduction and communication to the public are subject to the licensing conditions expressed by editors and authors and require consent from them. Any link to this document should be made using its official URL in Dialnet. More info: <https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI>

**Lengua:** Spanish

**Enlace a fuente de información:** Revista Amazónica Ciencia y Tecnología, ISSN 1390-5600, Vol. 8, Nº. 2, 2019 (Ejemplar dedicado a: Revista Amazonica Ciencia y Tecnologia), pags. 202-208

---

## Baratz Innovación Documental

- Gran Vía, 59 28013 Madrid
- (+34) 91 456 03 60
- [informa@baratz.es](mailto:informa@baratz.es)