

"Avante, soldados
pernambucanos, o mundo nos
observa": A junta de Goiana e
a Convenção de Beberibe no
contexto da Independência do
Brasil [

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text (article)

Analítica

On August 29, 1821, several political and economic leaders in Pernambuco installed in the a Provisional Governing Board in Vila de Goiana in order to destabilize the royal governor Luís do Rego Barreto and adapt the Province of Pernambuco to the new policy inaugurated in 1820 with the Porto Revolution. This decision was ratified by the Beberibe Convention and had the agreement of the governor. For a traditional historiography developed by the Brazilian Geographic Historical Institute (IHGB), these events were seen as separatists; therefore, they should not be mentioned because they undermined the efforts to consolidate the state and the nation. In response to this indignation, studies began to be produced in Pernambuco indicating that the province had, by means of such events, become independent well before the famous Cry of Ipiranga (1822), which is a mistake

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