

Asesinar, robar y fornicar: los absolutos morales en Aristóteles [

2018

text (article)

Analítica

In book II of Nicomachean Ethics (NE), Aristotle mentions 6 cases for which the formula 'virtue is the midterm' doesn't apply, i.e., 3 actions and 3 passions where it is impossible to think about a correct mode to execute them, actions and passions that will always be wrong regardless of contexts and agents, which is what we nowadays call "moral absolutes". Within secondary bibliography, such statement hasn't brought forward much controversy, but very few or nothing has been observed on the fact that (1) the quality that makes those 6 (actions and passions) reprehensible is also shared by many other actions and passions and, therefore, (2) we would be forced to accept that there's a quite large list of "moral absolutes" in Aristotle

In book II of Nicomachean Ethics (NE), Aristotle mentions 6 cases for which the formula 'virtue is the midterm' doesn't apply, i.e., 3 actions and 3 passions where it is impossible to think about a correct mode to execute them, actions and passions that will always be wrong regardless of contexts and agents, which is what we nowadays call "moral absolutes". Within secondary bibliography, such statement hasn't brought forward much controversy, but very few or nothing has been observed on the fact that (1) the quality that makes those 6 (actions and passions) reprehensible is also shared by many other actions and passions and, therefore, (2) we would be forced to accept that there's a quite large list of "moral absolutes" in Aristotle

Título: Asesinar, robar y fornicar: los absolutos morales en Aristóteles electronic resource]

Editorial: 2018

Tipo Audiovisual: virtud ética absolutos morales objetivismo moral término medio Virtue Ethics: Moral Absolutes

Moral Objectivism Mid-term

Documento fuente: Praxis Filosófica, ISSN 2389-9387, N°. 46, 2018, pags. 199-219

Nota general: application/pdf

Restricciones de acceso: Open access content. Open access content star

Condiciones de uso y reproducción: LICENCIA DE USO: Los documentos a texto completo incluidos en Dialnet son de acceso libre y propiedad de sus autores y/o editores. Por tanto, cualquier acto de reproducción, distribución, comunicación pública y/o transformación total o parcial requiere el consentimiento expreso y escrito de aquéllos. Cualquier enlace al texto completo de estos documentos deberá hacerse a través de la URL oficial de éstos en

Dialnet. Más información: https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI | INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS STATEMENT: Full text documents hosted by Dialnet are protected by copyright and/or related rights. This digital object is accessible without charge, but its use is subject to the licensing conditions set by its authors or editors. Unless expressly stated otherwise in the licensing conditions, you are free to linking, browsing, printing and making a copy for your own personal purposes. All other acts of reproduction and communication to the public are subject to the licensing conditions expressed by editors and authors and require consent from them. Any link to this document should be made using its official URL in Dialnet. More info: https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI

Lengua: Spanish

Enlace a fuente de información: Praxis Filosófica, ISSN 2389-9387, N°. 46, 2018, pags. 199-219

Baratz Innovación Documental

- Gran Vía, 59 28013 Madrid
- (+34) 91 456 03 60
- informa@baratz.es