



Indalecio Prieto y los fundamentos de la política socialista exiliada [

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text (article)

Analítica

This article focuses on the figure of Indalecio Prieto Tuero and the impact he has had on the history of the PSOE. This is especially true during the period of the exile, a period that, despite supposing today a little more than a quarter of the history of the socialist party, has traditionally been neglected. During that stage Prieto was the main reorganizer of the PSOE in America, the leader of the Socialist Parliamentary Group in the Cortes of the Republic in exile, president of the PSOE in Exile and, at all times, the main political and doctrinal reference so far of his death at the beginning of 1962. Between 1939 and 1944 Prieto, along with the rest of the exiled politicians in Mexico, dedicated himself to the hard task of assuming defeat and reconstructing the shadow of their organizations. At the end of that period, an anti-Francoist activism began, seeking to find shelter under the wings of the Allies in World War II. Prieto insisted on this work. I intend to write about three political principles of singular importance that Prieto instituted, with great effort, in the PSOE and that marked with similar depth the socialist policy during the exile. These principles constituted, in my opinion, the dense network on which the plebiscite settled. I also believe that his analysis allows us to see the underlying logic of the contradictions and paradoxes that Indalecio Prieto's plebiscite plan hid. These principles are: the isolation of the communist party, the socialist disposition to act alone and the permanence of the party's political line above all else. Let's analyze them one by one

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